#### SIMPLE AND EASIER TO DO

Tramp's Methods Not Altogether Unlike That Followed by Too Many Others.

Hoboes came up for discussion in a Washington club the other night, and Senator Nathan P. Bryan of Florida told this anecdote along the Weary

Some time ago a hobo meekly tapped on the back door of a suburban home and asked for something to eat. The good housewife responded that she would feed him on the back step along with Fido, providing he was willing to earn the meal by cleaning out the gutter.

The tramp agreed, and when he had eaten his way through several sandwiches to a feeling of happiness, the housewife came out with a reliable looking hos

"You needn't have gone to that trouble, madam," said the hobo, sizing up the farm implement. "I never use a

hoe in cleaning out a gutter."
"Never use a hoe!" said the woman with a wondering expression. "What do you use, then, a shovel?"

'No, madam," replied the hobo starting for the back gate, "my method is to pray for rain."

#### A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

The Rev. Edmund Heslop of Wigton, Pa., suffered from Dropsy for a His limbs and feet were swollen and puffed. He had heart fluttering, was dizzy

and exhausted at the least exertion. Hands and feet were cold and he had such a dragging sensation across the loins that it was difficult to move.

After using Rev. E. Heslop. boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills the swelling disappeared and he felt himself again. He says he has been benefited and blessed by the use of Dodds Kidney Pills. Several months later he wrote: I have not changed my faith in your remedy since the above statement was authorized. Correspond with Rev. E. Hes-

lop about this wonderful remedy. Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and resipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free.

Aeroplane Kept as Memento.

All that is left of the historie Wright biplane with which Calbraith P. Rodgers flew from the Atlantic to the Pacific two years ago is to be presented to the Carnegie museum at Pittsburgh by the late aviator's mother. The machine was badly damaged when Rodgers fell to his death in the Pacific ocean a short time after completing his wonderful flight. Subsequently it was used by Andrew Drew until that aviator also was killed with it. The machine has been restored to its original condition. Both Rodgers' and Fowler's Wright machines have motors of but 30-horsepower, yet they flew across the continent in opposite directions at a time when the aeroplane had not been equipped with the 100-horsepower motor of today, which makes it much more stable, nor had it developed anywhere near the speed of which it has since shown itself to be capable

#### SCALP TROUBLE FOR YEARS

268 Harrison St., Elvria, Ohio,-"My case was a scalp trouble. I first noticed small bunches on my scalp which commenced to itch and I would scratch them and in time they got larger, forming a scale or scab with a little pus, and chunks of hair would come out when I would scratch them off. It caused me to lose most of my hair. It became thin and dry and lifeless. I was troubled for over ten years with it until it got so bad I was ashamed to go to a barber to get my hair cut.

"I tried everything I could get hold - and ----, but received no cure until I commenced using Cuticura Soap and Ointment when the scale commenced to disappear. The way I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment was to wash my scalp twice a day with warm water and Cuticura Soap and rub on the Cuticura Ointment. I received benefit in a couple of weeks and was cured in two months."

(Signed) F. J. Busher, Jan. 28, 1913. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L. Boston."-Adv

At the Boarding House.

"It's hard," said the sentimental landlady at the dinner table, "to think that this poor little lamb should be destroyed in its youth just to cater to our appetites."

"Yes," replied the smart boarder. struggling with his portion, "it is tough.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the
Signature of Cart Hilthire
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fietcher's Castoria

There is no effect without a cause The girl with pretty feet never gets the bottom of her skirt muddy.

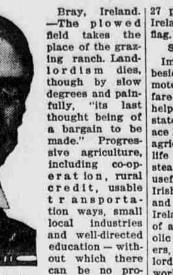
Putnam Fadeless Dyes do not stain the kettle. Adv.

Philadelphia has three woman mill

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By WALTER WILLIAMS, LL.D. (Deen of the School of Journalism of the University of Missouri)

#### THE NEW ECONOMIC IRELAND



gressive agriculture of the best kind -comes in Ireland. The singing and dancing Gaelic league, with its revival of the old and happy Irish language, breathes life and stirs laughter. All these are making for the new Ireland.

Land Situation Improving. The spade is ever mightier than the sword. Impassioned oratory in Sackville street is futile compared with the use of fertilizer in the field. Ireland is pre-eminently agricultural and the chief emphasis in the island's renaissance has rightly been upon the use of the land. Progress has been made toward the transfer of ownership of land from the absentee landlord to the resident peasant. Progress has been made in the establishment for all Ireland of the Ulster custom of free sale, fixity of tenure and fair rent. Considerable progress has been made in blotting out the plague to which Western Ireland has given a name which is also a picture, rural "congested districts." These things have been accomplished by the Irish Agricultural Organization society, led

Bray, Ireland. | 27 per cent of the emigrants from -The plowed Ireland remained under the British

Sir Horace Plunkett's Crusade.

Improvement in the land situation. besides checking emigration, has promoted the economic and social welfare of the people. Wise use of self-"its last help and cooperation, under the thought being of statesmanlike leadership of Sir Horace Plunkett, is making a new Ireland, agriculturally. Returning from ranch sive agriculture, life in the United States in 1888, instead of entering politics as the most useful sphere of activity, this great credit, usable Irishman devoted himself to the social and economic regeneration of rural has been done toward improving the tion ways, small Ireland. Around him gathered men of all creeds and every party. Catholic bishops and Presbyterian preachers. Unionists and Nationalists, landlords and tenants, soon enlisted in the work. It was difficult, if not impossible, to make a theological or even a political controversy about better bacon and more eggs.

> Self-Help and Cooperation Winning. Self-help was first in the programme. Education must precede self-help. "You can not have a nation without the elements of a nation," said another great Irishman, Thomas Davis, "and one of the first elements of a nation is an educated democracy." As everywhere education was slow and difficult. The Irishman, not different from others, preferred to be flattered rather than to be bettered. Gradually, however, selfhelp doctrines had their fruitage in better agricultural methods, in larger crop yields and in more desirable rural life.

The Irish Agricultural Organization society was formed to teach self-help and aid in the second step toward rural regeneration, real cooperation. "Cooperation," said its promoters to the peasants, "will help you to reduce your general expenses, to dispense with middlemen, to be your own bankby that disinterested patriot, Sir Hor- ers and your own insurers. Isolated, ace Plunkett, by the government de- you are powerless against competition,



Sir Horace Plunket.

agencies.

Two-Thirds of People Farmers. Land is Ireland's chief source of revenue. In a population of four millions the rural classes, tenants and farm laborers and their families, are two-thirds. This population depends directly for its daily life upon the profit from fifteen million acres of cultivable land. In continental Europe the peasant, driven by poverty from the land, goes to the factory in the town. Excepting in Belfast, with its linen, and in Dublin, with its beer, and some smaller places along eastern Ireland, there are no Irish factories of consequence. The Irish peasant who can not pick up a living in the fields goes not to a factory in the

town but to America. A century ago one-third of the population of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland was in Ireland, today only ten per cent. Within sixty years one-half the population of Ireland has emigrated to the United States. In the last ten years the evil of overmuch emigration has slightly abated, thanks to many good influences. It is a curious fact that while

partment of agriculture and by other | banded together, you will be, if not all-powerful, at least better armed for the struggle." Apathy among the peasants, hatred of innovations, prejudice, party rancor, delayed progress. In spite of all obstacles and objections, however, the society went on and Ireland profits thereby. If tragedy is only waste, as a famous Shakesperian critic has said, the tragedy which we call rural Ireland is being transformed by this society and other agencies, for waste is giving place to thrift and land-abandonment to land reconstruction.

Big Proportion of People Enlisted. The society differs from most agricultural societies elsewhere. Its aim is to ameliorate the condition of the Irish peasant by instruction in selfhelp and in the principles and methods of cooperation. Of itself, we are told, it has created nothing; it merely organizes, advises, controls. It sends out organizers, who undertake campaigns in one district after another and endeavor to establish cooperative associations by explaining their aims, methods and advantages. The parent society watches over local organ izers, teaches good business habits, the proportion of British emigrants the application of cooperative rulesfrom Great Britain to countries with- in a word, undertakes their economic in the British empire was 80 per cent education. In fifteen years nearly during the last twelve months, barely one-fourth of the population of Ireland | since."

has been enrolled in some form of cooperative society.

Buying and Selling Done Jointly. The most general form of cooperation is the dairy society. Of these societies there are now more than four hundred. Next in number are the rural banks, which number more than two hundred. Other cooperative organizations make joint purchases for farmers, breed cattle, promote local industries, particularly lace-making, sell poultry and eggs, grow bees and market honey, sell butter and transact wholesale business for the country societies. The central society and some others are aided financially by the government department of agriculture, agricultural committees and county councils. Cooperation Stopping Emigration.

The result shows in economic betterment and in a more wholesome rural life. A single instance of the first result is that the yield of butter per gallon of milk has constantly increased during the last ten years and that Irish butter now sells readily in London in competition with its great rival, butter from Denmark. From certain counties where the cooperative societies have done their best work emigration has almost ceased. Much condition of the cottages and by establishing libraries, sane amusements and helpful recreation in the villages. The Gaelic league has done good servfce here. "Better be quarreling than be lonesome," runs the Irish proverb. The new village conditions would banish quarreling without substituting solitude, accomplishing this result by discouraging drunkenness and preventing emigration, the two giant evils

of the Ireland of yesterday. Another happy result is the moral discipline already making itself felt. This has strengthened individual energy and the wise use of cooperation has stimulated individual effort, developing a taste for work by increasing the produce of labor. However great the material advantages of cooperation, particularly the cooperative credit system-by which money is lent at low rates for reproductive work-the educational results are yet more important.

Technical Education Bearing Fruit. Close akin to the efforts of the cooperative societies has been the promotion of technical education by the state. This work, carried on by the government's Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, is, in a way, similar to the work of the American Agricultural colleges and Experiment stations, except that it is broader, not confining itself to "agriculture and the mechanic arts." It teaches the farmer and laborer, it trains in its schools for business, commerce, agriculture and technical pursuits. It goes further and seeks an industrial revival by encouragement of new local factories. The department's work, also beset by difficulties, shows considerable progress. Commercial enterprises and an industrial spirit are appearing in the smaller towns as well as developing in the larger centers, Dublin, Belfast and Cork. The manufacture of bacon, of woolen goods, of laces, has begun in villages where ten years ago surplus labor, unemployed was driven to foreign lands.

Dear Transportation Heavy Handicap. With created or revived local industries comes consideration of better transportation. Farm produce and industrial products pay three per cent of their value to reach a market in Canada and fifteen per cent in Ireland. It costs four dollars a ton to get eggs from France to London, six dollars a ton from Denmark, and twenty-five dollars a ton from Galway, Ireland. This condition an Irish parliament may be expected to seek to remedy. Just now it blocks economic development

"Ireland is thinking now in terms of woolens and linens, poultry and fat cattle, eggs and butter, banks and railways," said the brilliant T. M. Kettle. professor of economics in the new National university at Dublin

"Social and Moral Uplift." Nor are the Irish at home forgetful of the higher things in life. They are creating a new literature, they are developing social life, gracious as always in the veriest villages-for your Irish peasant is born a gentlemanand promoting higher standards of morality. In all the constructive movements in Ireland the religious question looms large. For religion to the real Irishman Protestant or Catholic, is not an argument, but an institution. Quoting again Professor Kettle: "It seems to us as reasonable to prepare children for their moral life by excluding religion as to prepare them for their physical life by removing the most important lobe of their brains."

Self Help by Mutual Help. With this material and in this wise is the new Ireland in the making. To the Englishman "home" means his own independent and comfortable corner, to the Irishman "home" means the cottage of his birth, the social order, the traditional and familiar environment. This explains the corner grocery in Ireland, but it also explains the community or clan spirit which is an all-powerful aid toward cooperation. And the first and last principle of the apostles of economic regeneration in Ireland is "Self-help by mutual The new Ireland is to be made help." of all the old Ireland, the Orange Flag and the Green Flag in combination unto all the island's good.

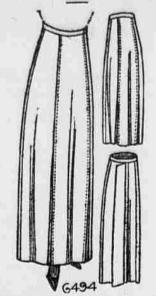
(Copyright, 1913, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Tearful Wife. "He used to call her the sunshine of

his life." "That's true, but she clouded up shortly after they were married and has been raining more or less ever

### **Practical Fashions**

DIVIDED EQUESTRIAN SKIRT.



This divided skirt was specially designed for the woman who rides horseback and who rides astride. It has panel front and back, which are turned back to leave a space when mounted. There is just sufficient fullness for safety and beauty, none to be in the way. Habit skirts are made of cloth, whip cord, venetian and men's tailor fabrics.

The pattern (6494) is cut in sizes 22 to 30 inches waist measure. Medium size requires 3% yards of 54 inch ma-

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department," of this paper, Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 6494.	8IZE
NAME	
TOWN	
STREET AND	NO
STATE	
-	DY'S WAIST.



A plain shirt waist without the usual severity of outline. The neck may be high or low, with a novel pointed collar as finish. The closing is double breasted and the sleeves plain at the shoulder, but gathered into a cuff at the wrist. French flannel, batiste, voile, faille and satin are used for these waists, or they may form part of a cos-

pattern (6472) is cut in si to 44 inches bust measure. Medium size requires 21/2 yards of 36 inch maternal.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department," of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 6472.	SIZE
NAME	
TOWN	
STREET AND	NO
STATE	

Sailor Turned Hymn Writer.

Probably the most famous parson who was a sailor in his youth was the eminent Doctor Newton, the friend of Cowper, and joint author with him of the Olney hymns. Newton's adventures during his seafaring life would fill a volume. His father was master of a ship in the Mediterranean trade and at 11 Newton joined it. Then he was waylaid by the press gang and forced into the navy and, having attempted to escape at Plymouth, he was treated so harshly that he escaped again and embarked on an African trader, and for years afterward he served on ships engaged in the West Indies. Yet, although there was no kind of wickedness which he did not commit in those wild days, he lived to write one of the most beautiful hymns in the English language, "Come, My Soul, Thy Suit Prepare."

Tramp's Lament.

Plodding Pete-Dis paper says that New York's 750 hotels can care for 350,000 guests.

Walking Walter-Well, say, I was in one yesterday, and, believe me, they didn't seem t' care for me."

Tiny English Church.

The smallest church in England at Fairfield, Romney Marsh, was visited recently by the archbishop of Canterbury. The building, an ancient one, is isolated in a meadow surrounded by water. The six painted box pews were filled with visitors. The primate preached from a high pulpit, and his head nearly touched the oak beams.

Daily Reminder.

Character is sense of humor, and whatever else it is that gives good womanhood its splendid character.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Break up Colds in 14 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels, and Destroy Worms. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for Nyears. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Adv.

Overdoing Housework.

"Housekeepers everywhere recognize that life is too valuable to spend every hour of the day in the mere keeping of the house. No human being can be continuously efficient and work more than eight hours in twenty-four. There are better ways, more scientific methods, more efficient utensils."-Charles Barnard.

PNEUMATICA STOPS YOUR PAIN breaks up your cold in one hour. It's marrele ad externally all druggists, 25 cents.

Looks That Way.

"If we are good we will come back to earth a number of time." "Some people prefer to take chances on that possibility."

"How's that?" "They prefer to lead double lives now."-Courier Journal.

They Generally Do.

"Binks put up a strong fight against easickness."

"Yes, but he finally had to give up."

## **OPERATION**

Tells How She Was Saved by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable

Compound.

Logansport, Ind. — "My baby was over a year old and I bloated till I was



a burden to myself. I suffered from female trouble so I could not stand on my feet and I felt like millions of needles were pricking me all over. At last my doctor told me that all that would save me was an operation, but this I refused. I

told my husband to get me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I would try it before I would submit to any operation. He did so and I improved right along. I am now doing all my work and feeling fine.

"I hope other suffering women will try your Compound. I will recommend it to all I know."—Mrs. DANIEL D. B. DAVIS, 110 Franklin St., Logansport, Ind.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, is it not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has the virtue to help these women it will help any other woman who is suffering in a like manner?

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter wil be opened. read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



yield immediately to Sloan's Lin-iment. It relieves aching and swollen parts instantly. Reduces inflammation and quietsthat agon-izing pain. Don't rub—it pene-

**SLOAN'S** Kills Pain

gives quick relief from chest and throat affections. Have you tried Sloan's? Here's what others say:

Relief from Rheumatism
"My mother has used one 50c. bottle
of Stoan's Limment, and although she
is over 83 years of age, she has obtained great relief from her rheumatism."—Mrs. H. E. Lindsleaf, Gilroy, Cal.

tism."—Mrs. H. E. Lindsleaf, Gibroy, Cal.
Good for Cold and Croup
"A little boy next door had croup. I gave the mother Sloan's Liniment to try. She gave him these drops on sugar before going to bed, and he got up without the croup in the morning."—Mr. W. Brange, 3721 Elmscood Avs., Chicago, Ill.

Neuralgia Gone
"Sloan's Liniment is the best meditine in the world. It has relieved me
of neuralgia. Those pains have all gone
and I can truly say your Liniment did
top them."—Mrs. C. M. Dowler of Johan-

At all Dealers. Price 25c., 50c. & \$1.00 Sloan's Instructive Booklet on Horses sent free. DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc., BOSTON, MASS.

### DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fover. Ask Your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., LId., BUFFALO, N.Y.